## Key concepts and questions

## What is a factor?

Use division and place value grids to check for remainders, if there is no remainder then the divisor is a factor of the whole. For example, $39 \div 3=13$, there are no remainders so 3 (the divisor) is a factor of 39 .


## What is a prime factor?

- Use a factor tree to find the prime factor: each branch stops when it reaches a 5 prime number. These prime numbers al the prime factors of the whole.



## Making connections

Place Value Ensure columns are lined up accurately.
Partitioning For example, this is a 20 not a 2, so there needs to be a place holder when multiplying by it.

Column Addition When you have multiplied, you will need to use column addition to find the answer.

## Efficient methods

Use known multiplication and division facts.
$2 \times 8=16$ so $20 \times 8=160$ and $200 \times 8=1,600$
$6 \div 2=3$ so $60 \div 2=30$ and $60 \div 20=3$

| Key Vocabulary |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| multiply | divide | multiple | place value |
| commutative | Multiplication can be <br> done in any order e.g. <br> $6 \times 4=24$ and $4 \times 6=24$ | composite number | Divides by itself, one and <br> other integers |
|  | prime number | Divides by itself and one |  |
| remainder | A left over part | square | Multiply a number by <br> itself, $8 \times 8=8^{2}$ |
| multiple | The numbers in a <br> times table e.g. 2, 4, 6, <br> 8 are multiples of 2 | square number | The product of a number <br> multiplied by itself |
| factor | Divides a whole with <br> no remainders e.g. 3 is <br> a factor of 6 as $6 \div 3=2$ | cube | Multiply a number by <br> itself twice, $8 \times 8 \times 8=8^{3}$ |
| prime factor | A factor that is a prime <br> number. | cube number | The product of a number <br> multiplied by itself 3 <br> times |

## Representations

## Arrays



This array shows $3 \times 5,5 \times 3,15 \div 3$ and $15 \div 5$. They can be made with concrete resources or drawn.


Bar models $70 \times 6=420$ and

$$
420 \div 6=70
$$

Multiplication grids Help with identifying common factors, common multiples and square numbers.

| $\times$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 2 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 24 |
| 3 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 | 33 | 36 |

